

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 29.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1900.

NUMBER 25

Wonderful Bargains

Throughout the Big Store During the Month of February.

We Are Closing Them Out.

Everything in the line of Winter Goods.
All broken lots in Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes cheap.
All Hats and Caps marked down.

No matter what you want you can buy it cheaper at our store than elsewhere, when quality and style is considered.

W. P. Schenk & Company.

DEWEY.

Do we mean we are selling all our Ladies' and Children's Furnishings cheaper than other stores? Yes. So come to us for

**HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR,
GLOVES,
MITTENS,
CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS, Etc.**

WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

Oneida Underwear.

Onyx Hosiery.

KEMPF & McKUNE

CORNER STORE.

Agents for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Puritan Shoes.

We Still Continue

To sell Furniture at

REDUCED PRICES.

Special prices on Bedroom Suits, Chairs and Sideboards. Call and see our line of Blue and Gray Granite Iron Ware.

PRICES ARE RIGHT.

W. J. KNAPP.

Pure Food Store.

I have a lot of fine, fresh Groceries—

They Must Be Disposed of.

I have a lot of Rubber Boots, Shoes and Felts—

That Wont Pay to Carry Over.

Govern yourselves accordingly.

JOHN FARRELL.

My Meats Give Satisfaction.

This is proven by the increasing number of my customers, who appreciate the good service they receive.

Smoked, Fresh and Salt Meats, Sausages, Etc.

Always on hand. Fresh Fish every Friday.
Goods delivered.

C. SCHAFER,

Klein building, North Main street, Chelsea, Mich.

For Safety and to Draw Interest

Deposit your Money in the

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

ENLARGING ITS BASE

Chelsea Manufacturing Co. Sold to a Stock Company

WHICH IS CAPITALIZED AT \$25,000.

A New Three Story Factory to Be Erected, and 60 Hands Will Be Employed.

At a meeting held in Dr. G. W. Palmer's office on Monday evening the business of the Chelsea Manufacturing Co. was sold to a stock company capitalized at \$25,000, with a paid in capital of \$15,000. The company, which will retain the old name, will at once proceed to still further develop the business which had grown greatly beyond what its former proprietors could handle, and entirely out of proportion to the premises it now occupies. The company will proceed to erect a three story factory as soon as spring opens, in which the manufacture of sheet metal goods will be carried on and a force of 60 hands will be employed. New machinery and equipment will be added and every means will be employed for rapid production and consequent lessened cost of the articles manufactured that skill and experience will suggest.

The board of directors are H. S. Holmes, W. J. Knapp, Geo. P. Glazier, G. W. Palmer and J. D. Watson.

The stockholders of the company in addition to the directors are A. R. Welch, Albert C. Watson, L. T. Freeman, A. W. Wilkinson and Fred S. Welch.

The officers of the company are: H. S. Holmes president, W. J. Knapp vice president, J. D. Watson secretary and treasurer, A. R. Welch manager.

The Herald is glad to see another manufacturing industry of such dimensions inaugurated in our village and bespeaks for it a great measure of success. The gentleman who comprise the company are Chelsea's substantial business men—men who have made a success in their own lines of business—and with such backing and a line of commodities to manufacture that meet with a ready sale at good profits, there is no reason to doubt but that the company will be successful.

THE MAY FESTIVAL

At Ann Arbor Will See Some Fine Artists and Organizations Present.

The seventh annual May Festival of the Musical Society of the University of Michigan will be held in Ann Arbor Thursday, Friday and Saturday, May 17, 18 and 19. The first concert will be held Thursday evening, the second and third Friday afternoon and evening respectively, and the fourth and fifth Saturday afternoon and evening.

The artists and organizations for the several numbers in the festival are: Madame Schumann-Heink, contralto, of the Royal Opera of Berlin and the Metropolitan Opera Company, New York; Miss Sara Anderson, soprano; Miss Isabelle Bouton, contralto; Emma Juch, soprano, of New York; David Bisham, bass; Evan Williams, tenor; George W. Jenkins, tenor; Gwyllim Miles, baritone; Bernard Sturm, violinist, of the University School of Music; the Boston Festival Orchestra, and the Choral Union of the University of Michigan. Emil Mollenhauer and Professor Albert A. Stanley will be the conductors.

Funeral of Fred Boos.

The funeral services of Fred Boos, formerly of Sylvan, who was killed at Wall Lake, Iowa, Jan. 26, were held at his mother's home in Jackson, last Friday. Mr. Boos was working for the Illinois Central Railroad at Wall Lake, and while hanging out the switch lights on the night of Jan. 26 was struck by a fast passenger train and killed. It was the last lamp he had to put up. He only lived 15 minutes after he was struck. He was unknown to the people around the depot, but it was remembered that he came there in company with another man who was working on the section further along the line. This man was Hugh McLaughlin, who left here with the deceased about two months ago, and he identified the remains and told where Mr. Boos came from. William Schatz, of Chelsea, was notified by telegram and he went to Jackson and told the Boos family about it, when the deceased man's brother A. G. Boos went to Iowa and brought back the remains.

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

ROBBED HIS BENEFACTOR.

Frank Diamond's Son is Evidently Following in His Father's Footsteps.

A 14 year old lad, small of size and sharp as a steel trap, was in Justice Parker's court Monday on a charge of stealing Mrs. Michael Keelan's watch. His name was Willie Diamond and he is a son of Frank Diamond who has lately been serving time for different offences. He came to Chelsea a week or two ago and told a pitiful story of his mother having died of rheumatism of the heart last summer, that his father had deserted her, etc. Michael Keelan took him in and got him employment at the stove works. He made his home with Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Davis, who took quite a liking to him, and had he behaved himself he could have had a good home there. F. P. Glazier was kind to him and gave him clothes, but he mistreated his benefactors and stole the watch when he went to Mr. Keelan's to dinner on Monday and was allowed to go into the bedroom where the watch was to wash himself and comb his hair. Deputy Sheriff W. R. Lehman arrested him and brought him into court. There it transpired his mother was not dead and that he left his home in Dearborn because his stepfather had given him some chores to do. His mother came up on the Grand Rapids train that evening. Justice Parker suspended sentence on the boy and she was allowed to take him back home with her next morning.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR DAY

Appropriately Observed at the Congregational Church Sunday Evening.

Last Sunday was Christian Endeavor Day, and the evening services at the Congregational church were in charge of the society. The inclemency of the weather prevented a very large attendance, but it was a good meeting nevertheless. Miss Kathrine Haarer, president of the society presided. The hymns were all applicable to Endeavorers and their work. "The Story of World Wide Endeavor" was ably told by J. George Webster in an excellent and exhaustive paper. "New Flowers and Fruit" were told of in five two-minute papers. Miss Louella Townsend spoke of "The Quiet Hour;" D. W. Greenleaf of "The Tenth Legion;" Mrs. H. I. Davis of "The Forward Movement for Missions, or the Macedonian Phalanx;" Fred C. Mapes spoke of "New Plans for Unity in our Local Unions," and Mrs. Helen Enos of "Larger Fellowships the World Around." There were sentence prayers by the Endeavorers, followed by a five minute address by the pastor, Rev. C. S. Jones, on the subject "God's Spirit the Essential Power in every Christian Endeavorer." The meeting closed with the Mizpah benediction pronounced in unison.

To Make Pension Laws Lucid.

Congressman H. C. Smith introduced a resolution in Congress Monday that may lead ultimately to the codification and pruning of the pension laws. Commissioner Evans has complained, in answer to the demands for explanation of the slowness of his office in some pension matters, that the red tape laws and rulings were to blame. Speedy granting of pensions, said he, had been impossible. Congressman Smith's resolution calls upon the commissioner to report at once to congress what rules and laws prevent rapid work on pension cases. He would also have the commissioner state what legislation would remove the fault and reduce the pension laws to lucidity and effectiveness.

Lyndon Cheese Factory.

John Clark, manager of the Lyndon cheese factory, has issued the first yearly statement of the business done at the factory last year, and it is a very satisfactory one. The factory was in operation only three months but in that time 151,645 pounds of milk were received, from which 14,563 pounds of cheese were made. The number of pounds of cheese charged against milk receipts was 436, and 14,126 pounds were sold for cash, realizing \$1,493.81. The factory had on hand in cash and stock at the close of the year \$288.16.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, of the University of Michigan, has completed his report upon typhoid fever as studied at the various camps during the late war with Spain and transmitted it to the governor. It consists of 11,000 typewritten pages.

When You Want The Best

COME HERE.

We make a specialty of carrying the best in every department of our store.

We have found by long experience that the public want to buy the best, at the lowest price it can be sold.

Try our High Grade

Mocha and Java Coffee at 25c a lb.

We are selling a

Good Broom at 22 cents.

Warranted Lanterns 39c each.

250 lbs Mixed Candy at 5c a lb.

It pays to trade at

The Bank Drug Store



IN THE MIDST OF PLENTY

one cannot fail to find just the dishes to suit the fancy. The hungry can choose from the Roasts, Pork and Beef Steaks, Chops, Veal and Mutton, and those whose appetites need tempting will find many tempting dishes on our bill of fare at prices that will not deter them from ordering.

Canright & Hamilton.

If you want a

COOL SMOKE

Call for

**Columbia,
Our Standard,
Copperfield,**

—OR—

Sport,

Best 5c. Cigars on the Market.

Manufactured by

F. B. SCHUSSLER, Chelsea.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resurrections, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the senate on the 31st ult. Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) was branded as a traitor by some of his colleagues in connection with his persistent efforts to obtain recognition for Aguinaldo and the Filipino insurgents. The committee on Porto Rico voted to allow the island a delegate in congress. In the house Mr. Taylor (O.) introduced a resolution declaring the American intention to hold the Philippines. Mr. Gardner (N. J.) introduced a bill appropriating \$4,000,000 to buy the Danish West Indies. Mr. Williams (Miss.) defended the action of certain southern states in disfranchising the negroes.

Senator Daniel (Va.) spoke in the senate on the 1st in opposition to the pending financial measure. A bill to establish a department of commerce and industries was favorably reported. In the house debate on the Indian appropriation bill took a wide range, the feature being a strong speech in favor of expansion by Mr. Sibley (dem., Pa.). The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill (\$1,740,476) was reported. The claim of Brigham H. Roberts, of Utah, of \$1,038 for mileage, was rejected.

In the senate on the 2d an effort by Senator Pettigrew (S. D.) to discuss the Philippine question was of no avail, as he was met by a point of order which took him from the floor. No business of importance was transacted. Adjourned to the 5th. In the house a bill was introduced to reimburse volunteers for expenses of sickness due to war. The Indian appropriation bill was discussed.

There was no session of the senate on the 3d. In the house the Indian appropriation bill was passed and eulogies were delivered upon the life and public services of the late Representative Erimontout, of Pennsylvania.

DOMESTIC.

Admiral Dewey asked the house pension committee to grant pensions to his officers' widows.

Mrs. Samuel Thurman, aged 60, and daughter, aged 17, were asphyxiated by natural gas at Sheridan, Ind.

At Muncie, Ind., the livery barn of Boor & Munshower was burned and Cecil Weekly, a cab driver, was killed, and 47 horses perished.

The coinage executed at the mints of the United States during January amounted to \$14,053,431, as follows: Gold, \$11,515,000; silver, \$2,364,161; minor coins, \$174,270.

Mrs. H. E. Wills' sight was restored in Chicago by an operation after 11 years of blindness.

The governments of the United States and Italy have entered into an arrangement for reciprocity.

During January the government receipts amounted to \$48,012,164, against \$41,774,930 for January, 1899. The expenditures aggregated \$39,189,096, against \$51,122,770 for January, 1899, leaving a surplus last month of \$8,823,068.

Three persons were killed in a railroad wreck near Tampa, Fla., and a number of others were injured.

Mrs. Ellinor C. Baker, 94 years of age, and Mrs. William Devine, aged 62, were burned to death in Charleston, S. C.

Fire among business houses in Dayton, O., caused a loss of \$750,000.

Mrs. Kate P. Pier and her daughter, Miss H. H. Pier, of Milwaukee, were admitted to the bar in the United States supreme court in Washington.

Sister Stanislaus, a teacher, and Mary Foley, a pupil, lost their lives in a fire which destroyed a parochial school in St. Louis.

Smallpox is killing Indians in dozens in the Colville (Wash.) reservation.

In a saloon fire in East Grand Forks, N. D., W. D. Kelly, one of the proprietors, and T. J. McAdam, former mayor of the city, were burned to death.

The rival state governments in Kentucky refused to leave issues to the courts. The militia supports Taylor and Goebel followers are organizing a new national guard. Taylor asked President McKinley for federal recognition and interference, but met with refusal. The democrats will ask for an injunction restraining Taylor from acting as governor. Goebel's condition was still considered critical.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 2d aggregated \$1,520,387,159, against \$1,609,432,056 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1899 was 25.1.

There were 171 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 2d, against 231 the week previous and 207 in the corresponding period of 1899.

The president sent congress 264 pages of the Philippine commission's report; it advises territorial government with congressional veto and opposes protectorate.

Seventy-five children were injured in a panic during a fire in a Trenton (N. J.) school.

John Scherer killed his wife and himself in Philadelphia. Jealousy was the cause.

The transport Ohio arrived in San Francisco from Manila with the bodies of 133 soldiers who died in the Philippines.

Martial law has been established in Frankfort, Ky., a provost guard taking charge of the streets to insure order and protect citizens. The democratic legislators met at a hotel and by formal vote and may vote declared Goebel and Beckham elected and both were sworn in again. Goebel's condition was improving.

Two men and one woman were asphyxiated by gas in the rear of a saloon in San Francisco.

The house of George Winans, at Boutonville, N. Y., was destroyed by fire and his four children were cremated.

Fire among business houses in St. Louis caused a loss of \$1,500,000 and one fireman was killed and 12 other persons were injured.

Cardinal Gibbons in a sermon delivered in Baltimore declared woman's rights women the worst enemies of their sex and the cause of wrecking many families.

The Great Northern, Wisconsin Central and Baltimore & Ohio railroads are said to have agreed to unite as a transcontinental line.

William Goebel, the democratic claimant to the governorship of Kentucky, died in Frankfort from the effects of the gunshot wound inflicted by an assassin. Beckham, the democratic contentant for the office of lieutenant governor, took the oath of office as governor. It is reported that at a conference between leaders of both parties it was decided to convene the legislature in Frankfort and try and come to an amicable settlement of the political strife.

B. H. Roberts, the ejected congressman from Utah, was arrested in Salt Lake City on a warrant charging unlawful cohabitation.

Henry Walsh, a Chicago post office employe, was arrested on a charge of robbing the mails of 5,000 through packages.

The plant of the Hopkins & Allen Manufacturing Arms company and its entire stock of firearms were burned at Norwich, Conn., the loss being \$500,000.

The United States senate committee on Pacific islands and Porto Rico agreed to report favorably a bill providing a civil government for the island of Porto Rico.

It is announced that the United States and Great Britain have reached an amicable agreement concerning the control by the United States of the proposed Nicaragua canal.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Rev. Dr. W. W. Eddy, of New York, for more than 48 years a missionary in Syria, died at Beirut, aged 74 years.

Rev. Dr. John G. Hall, a Presbyterian minister, widely known throughout the United States, died at Cleveland, O., aged 84 years.

R. Graham Frost, a former member of congress from Missouri, died in St. Louis, aged 48 years.

James Dundon died in Terre Haute, Ind., aged 100 years.

Mrs. Annie Wittmeyer, famous as an army nurse during the civil war, and known throughout the country as an authoress and lecturer, died at Sanatoga, Pa., aged 72 years.

Maj. Gen. William Woods Averell, the last of the great cavalry leaders of the union army, died at Bath, N. Y., aged 68 years.

David M. Key, postmaster general in President Hayes' cabinet and United States senator from 1875 to 1877, died in Chattanooga, Tenn., aged 76 years.

Rev. Booker Fox, a noted negro Methodist evangelist, died at his home in Ottumwa, Ia., aged 104 years.

FOREIGN.

The marquis of Queensberry, who was born July 20, 1844, and succeeded to the title in 1858, died in London.

The attempt to settle the boundary between German and Belgian territory in Africa has failed.

Rumors were circulating in London that Gen. Buller had again crossed the Tugela, but definite news from South Africa is scarce. From Mr. Wyndham's statement in parliament it appears the British forces engaged in the Transvaal war—including 18,000 men on the way—number 213,000.

It is reported that Gen. Torres, leader of Mexican troops, was killed by Yaqui Indians in a battle in Guaymas desert, in which both sides lost heavily.

Latest advices from South Africa indicate a new move by Gen. Buller, with a view to dividing the Boer forces and reaching Ladysmith. Gen. Roberts was reported to have called upon the war office for 90,000 additional reinforcements.

The Italian bark Quirinale from Carthage was wrecked near Villoroi and Capt. Calde and six men of the crew were drowned.

The most terrible heat ever experienced in the city of Buenos Ayres caused 93 deaths from sunstroke in one day.

A dispatch received in London says that Gen. Buller has recrossed the Tugela river and is marching on Ladysmith.

The archbishop of Sweden, Most Rev. Anton Sundberg, died in Stockholm, aged 82 years.

A tornado swept the coast of Newfoundland, and at Lark harbor 20 buildings were destroyed and many vessels wrecked.

A Manila dispatch says that Brig. Gen. Kobbe has occupied the islands of Samar and Leyte. In the fight at Taolaban ten insurgents were killed and the Americans captured five cannon, with their artillerymen.

LATER.

A bill providing a civil government for the island of Porto Rico was favorably reported in the United States senate on the 5th. Bills were passed to create a new division of the eastern judicial district of Tennessee and authorizing the building of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Dubuque, Ia. In the house a bill to investigate the pollution of interstate rivers was defeated. In discussing the Philippine question Mr. Sibley (dem., Pa.) said that the democrats could hereafter consider his seat constructively on the republican side. Mr. Robinson (Ind.) paid a glowing tribute to Gen. Lawton's patriotic career.

The schooner Mary C. Ward capsized near Newberne, N. C., and five of the crew were drowned.

The United States supreme court has adjourned until the 26th inst.

The treaty with England has been signed giving the United States the right to build the Nicaragua canal.

Mr. and Mrs. Elf Knudson were asphyxiated by coal gas at Wilmet, S. D.

William and John Newton, wealthy bachelor brothers, lost their lives by the burning of their home 20 miles east of Muncie, Ind.

The remains of the late Maj. Gen. Henry W. Lawton lay in state in Fort Wayne, Ind., his former home.

A special dispatch received in London from Durban, Natal, says there is no definite news from Gen. Buller, but it is reported that there has been heavy fighting. In the house of commons Mr. Chamberlain declared the war would not be ended until Pretoria had been dismantled.

The barge Wilson was sunk near Huntington, L. I., and Capt. John Finley and his wife were drowned.

Advices from Manila say that Brig. Gen. Kobbe's forces in the islands of Luzon, Leyte and Samar have occupied permanently and garrisoned nine towns.

Fire nearly wiped out the business portion of Ridd, Ia.

Republicans and democrats in conference at Louisville agreed that the legislature shall meet at Frankfort, Ky., and pass without filibustering a joint resolution validating its acts while kept from the capitol, including the seating of Goebel and Beckham. Democrats agree not to prosecute Taylor or other republicans and to modify the Goebel election law. Taylor's approval to the agreement is necessary.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

The total wealth of American colleges and universities is \$250,000,000.

Rear Admiral Bradford estimates the cost of the Pacific cable at \$10,000,000.

Dreyfus is still in southern France, where his health shows continued improvement.

A geological survey expert has found much coal in the Philippines, but no precious metals.

In St. Joseph, Mo., there is offered a bounty of \$600 for every highwayman that is killed.

Imperial German regulations preventing practice of medicine by women have been rescinded.

Eli Jimerson, full-blooded Indian treasurer of the Seneca nation, is \$1,000 short in his accounts.

The German foreign office says the change in Chinese emperors is of no importance to Europe, and the powers will not act.

During last year 44,000 immigrants settled in Canada. The number from the United States is 11,000, or about 2,000 more than last year.

At present Admiral Dewey has the honor of having more post offices asking to be named after him than any other man in the country.

William Kerr, of Providence, R. I., is still pursuing his trade of watchmaker after 36 years' work at that business. He is 82 years old.

James H. Britton, former mayor of St. Louis, and for many years one of the leading bankers of the west, died at Ardsley, N. Y., aged 83 years.

In the paper mill owned by Gov. Crane at Dalton, Mass., workmen who become too old to labor are retired on their regular salary as long as they live.

Mrs. William Ewart Gladstone attained her eighty-eighth birthday recently, and the bells of Hawarden church were rung in honor of the occasion.

President Loubet of France declares that when his term of office ends he will not seek the office again, but will retire to his old home farm, as he is tired of politics.

Robert Fitzsimmons now proclaims that he was drugged when he was whipped by James Jeffries for the championship of the world at Coney Island last June.

SENT TO CONGRESS.

President Transmits Report of Philippine Commission.

The Home Rule Principle, with as Few Americans in Office as Possible, Strongly Favored by Commission.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The president Friday transmitted to congress the first volume of the report of the Philippine commission. It is a volume of 294 pages, including the appendix, and is signed by Prof. Schurman, Admiral Dewey, Col. Denby and Prof. Worcester. The principal subject dealt with is the plan of government proposed by the commission, which includes a discussion of the Spanish government existing prior to the war, the various reforms desired by the Filipinos and the constitutions proposed by them, together with the conclusions and plans suggested by the commission. The report also covers many other matters connected with the social administration of the island; racial characteristics, education, secular and religious orders, the Chinese in the islands, public health, currency, etc., as well as the condition and needs of the United States in the Philippines from a naval and maritime standpoint. The second volume of the report, which will not be ready for several weeks, will contain a detailed description of the climate and natural resources of the islands. The chief interest in the report naturally centers in the plan of government proposed by the commission.

Favor Home Rule.

The commission announces itself unqualifiedly in favor of a government of the Philippines analogous to that of a territory of the United States, with a governor appointed by the president. They say it is desirable that the inhabitants of the archipelago should enjoy a large measure of home rule in local affairs, their towns to enjoy substantially the rights and privileges of towns in a territory.

The provinces should be vested with substantially the functions of a county in a territory; this system might be applied to Luzon and the Visayan islands at once, and a beginning might be made on the coast of Mindanao. The Sulu archipelago, calling for special arrangements with the sultan, the commission says, need not be considered in this connection.

Filipino Officers.

The Filipinos could manage their own town and county affairs through their own officers, whom they could elect with no help from American officials except such as would be involved in control from the central government at Manila. The suffrage should be restricted by educational or property qualifications, or both. This system would necessitate a small body of American officials of great ability and integrity and of patience and tact in dealing with other races, and on this account the commission recommends that they should be paid high salaries. The commission says they could be called advisers or commissioners, and that one for every 250,000 natives should suffice. It would be the duty of such commissioners to report upon their work to the central government at Manila. Their main function would be to advise town and county councils in the discharge of their duties and to watch the collection of revenue and its expenditures. Our government of the Philippines, the commission insists, must be adapted to the Filipinos.

Basis for the Government.

A territorial government, it concludes, is a desideratum. The commission takes as a basis for the government proposed the territorial organization of Louisiana. The act is set forth in full. It provides for a governor and secretary of the treasury, and vests the legislative power in a council appointed annually by the president. Courts are also provided for. "This scheme of government," says the commission, "possesses, besides its intrinsic merits, the historical interest attaching to origination with the author of the declaration of independence."

Thinks Task Would Be Easy.

The commission, while not underrating the difficulty of governing the Philippines, is disposed to believe the task easier than is generally supposed. The Filipinos, they say, are of unusually promising material, possessing admirable personal and domestic virtues and being naturally peaceful, docile and deferential to constituted authority. The educated among them, though constituting a minority, they say, are far more numerous than is generally supposed, and the commission bears strong testimony to their high range of intelligence and social refinements.

These picked Filipinos will be of infinite value to the United States in the work of establishing and maintaining civil government throughout the archipelago.

Conclusions Reached.

In connection with the subject of government the commission reaches the following conclusions:

"1. The United States cannot withdraw from the Philippines. We are there and duty bids us remain. There is no escape from our responsibility to the Filipinos and to mankind for the government of the archipelago and the amelioration of the condition of its inhabitants.

"2. The Filipinos are wholly unprepared for independence, and if independence were given to them they could not maintain it."

Under the third head is included a copy of Admiral Dewey's letter to Senator Lodge, which was read in the senate the other day, denying Aguinaldo's claim that he was promised independence.

"4. There being no Philippine nation, but only a collection of different peoples, there is no general public opinion in the archipelago; but the men of property and education, who alone interest themselves in public affairs, in general recognize as indispensable American authority, guidance and protection.

"5. Congress should, at the earliest practicable time, provide for the Philippines the form of government herein recommended or another equally liberal and beneficent.

"6. Pending any action on the part of congress, the commission recommends that the president put in operation this scheme of civil government in such parts of the archipelago as are at peace.

"7. So far as the finances of the Philippines permit public education should be promptly established, and when established made free to all.

"8. The greatest care should be taken in the selection of officials for administration. They should be men of the highest character and fitness and partisan politics should be entirely separated from the government of the Philippines."

Passed Away.

Stockholm, Feb. 3.—The archbishop of Sweden, Most Rev. Anton Sundberg, who was believed to have recovered from appendicitis, is dead.

Our Increased Trade with China.

England can no longer compete with us in the shipment of many products to China. Our trade with the Chinese has increased almost forty per cent. within the last year. This is merely natural. The best wine in everything. For a like reason, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the best remedy in the country, has for fifty years acknowledged no superior to cure constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness.

Hicks—"I wonder how the Tollers manage to get along. Why, I believe they owe everybody in town." Wick—"That's why they get along so well. Toller has a big mail every morning. They are all duns, to be sure; but the impression upon the neighbors is just the same as if they were invitations to first-class society functions. It is the quantity, not the quality, that does the business, you know."—Boston Transcript.

"Do Not Burn the Candle At Both Ends."

Don't think you can go on drawing vitality from the blood for nerves, stomach, brain and muscles without doing something to replace it. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve, mental and digestive strength by enriching and vitalizing the blood. Thus it helps overworked and tired people.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints.

Thirty Days' Trial Absolutely Free.

We offer to each new student, enrolling at the beginning of the Spring Term, March 28th, 1900, thirty days' trial FREE in either our Preparatory, Normal, College, Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting Departments. This offers a magnificent opportunity to test one of the most thoroughly practical colleges of the west, the Charles City, Iowa, College. All expenses low.

Address at once for particulars: President J. F. Hirsch, Charles City, Iowa.

Called It Down.

"You want a decollete shave, I presume," remarked the funny barber, as the dudelet climbed into the chair.

"Aw—beg pardon," said the youth, "but weally, I aw—fail to comprehend."

"That's French for cutting down," answered the knight of the razor, with a grin on his mug.—Chicago Evening News.

Rape. Speltz. Bromus.

Most remarkable trio. Will make a fellow rich despite himself if he plants a plenty. Salzer's catalog tells. Send 10c. and this notice for samples of above and big catalog. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. [5]

A Side Show.

The gentlemen engaged in spreading a knowledge of the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo in the year 1901 have certainly a sufficient idea of its importance. They speak of the cataract of Niagara falls as an "accessory attraction."—Western Electrician.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

You must behave yourself if you hope to avoid worry; no guilty man can avoid worry over his misdeeds.—Atchison Globe.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A man seldom tells the truth about his business; he exaggerates it one way or the other.—Atchison Globe.

The Grip of Pneumonia may be warded off with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The goodness of our intentions never excuses the badness of our actions.—Chicago Daily News.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lotz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

The baker gets crusty himself when his bread doesn't pan out well.—Golden Days.

Nervous Women

are alling women. When a woman has some female trouble she is certain to be nervous and wretched.

With many women the monthly suffering is so great that they are for days positively insane, and the most diligent efforts of ordinary treatment are unavailing.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

comes promptly to the relief of these women. The letters from women cured by it proves this. This paper is constantly printing them.

The advice of Mrs. Pinkham should also be secured by every nervous woman. This costs nothing. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

SOME INTERESTING TALKS

Subjects of Current Public Interest Presented to Members of a University Club.

SOME FEATURES OF CITY GOVERNMENT.

Many Students Enrolled in the Summer Schools—Artists Secured for May Musical Festival—Cause of Fever Among Troops—Other Notes of Interest.

(Special Correspondence.)
University of Michigan, Feb. 5.—At the last meeting of the History and Political Science Journal Club of the University of Michigan Prof. Henry E. Bourne, of Western Reserve University, gave a talk on some features of county and municipal administration in the city of Cleveland. Prof. Bourne spoke in the light of his experience as some-time secretary and member of the executive committee of the municipal league of Cleveland. His address was mainly an account of boss methods of controlling elections, of ways of carrying on the administration of public affairs for private ends, and of the work of the league in opposing and reforming conditions.

Interesting Talks.

The History and Political Science Journal club is composed of the advanced students and members of the faculty in the departments of history and economics and sociology. It meets on alternate Wednesday evenings in the east seminary room of the library. The programme usually consists of a talk by one of the students, or by the faculty, or by some one from outside, on a subject of current public interest, followed by an informal discussion. Prof. Bourne's was the second address to the club this year on municipal problems. At a former meeting Allen Pond, secretary of the Municipal Voters' league of Chicago, gave an account of the organization of the league, and especially of its work in regard to the choice of aldermen in Chicago. One of the most interesting meetings of the past semester was that at which R. L. Melendy read a part of his study on "The Saloon in Chicago." Among those from outside who will address the club next semester are Harry J. Hollister, of Grand Rapids, on the work of Behring Sea Seal Fisheries Commission.

Summer Schools.

Last year 266 students were enrolled in the summer schools of the University. Of these 221 were credited to the literary department and 45 to the law department. Ninety-six of those in the literary department had been previously enrolled in the university and 103 were teachers. The 266 students came from 20 states and territories, the District of Columbia, England, Norway, Japan and South Africa. The largest number (135) were from Michigan. Ohio was represented by 20 students; Illinois, 15; Indiana, 12; Wisconsin, 10; and Iowa, 10.

The first session of the summer school was held in 1894. The total enrollment for several years since the organization of the school is as follows: 1894, 91; 1895, 187; 1896, 224; 1897, 225; 1898, 233; 1899, 266.

May Festival.

The seventh annual may festival of the University School of Music will be held in Ann Arbor Thursday, Friday and Saturday, May 17, 18 and 19. The first concert will be held Thursday evening, the second and third Friday afternoon and evening respectively, and the fourth and fifth Saturday afternoon and evening. The artists and organizations for the several numbers in the festival are: Madame Schumann-Heink, contralto, of the Royal Opera of Berlin and the Metropolitan Opera company, New York; Miss Sara Anderson, soprano; Miss Isabelle Bouton, contralto; Emma Juck, soprano, of New York; David Bispham, bass; Evan Williams, tenor; George W. Jenkins, tenor; Gwyllim Miles, baritone; Bernard Sturm, violinist, of the University School of Music; the Boston Festival Orchestra and the Choral Union of the University of Michigan. Emil Mollenhauer and Prof. Albert A. Stanley will be the conductors.

Cause of Fever.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department, has completed his portion of a report made as a member of the board appointed to ascertain the cause of typhoid fever among the troops in the Spanish-American war and to suggest means for the prevention of this disease. This board, consisting of Maj. Walter Reed, Maj. Shakespeare and Maj. Vaughan, was appointed by the department of war in August, 1898, and immediately visited the camps and personally inspected all the troops, afterwards making a study of the official reports. Dr. Vaughan's portion of the report, which includes the conclusions drawn from all the available data, comprises something over 11,000 pages of typewritten copy.

In the Museum.

The specimens in the museum are being mounted and placed on exhibition. Among the skeletons are those of domestic and wild animals, birds and reptiles, including the skeleton of a

camel and of a tamaru. The tamaru is probably the only one in this country. The collection also contains a large number of skulls. The specimens are displayed in cases in the hallway on the fourth floor of the museum building. They are exhibited against a black background and are neatly labeled.

Pushing the Work.

The walls of the homeopathic hospital are complete to the top of the first story and work is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible. An important feature in regard to this building is the system of ventilation which has been adopted. Blasts of fresh air will be constantly sent into the several wards by large fans. The foul air in the building will be drawn off by mechanical means into the ventilation stack. The system is so complete that the air in the entire building can be changed in ten minutes.

Invention of Printing.

"Gutenberg and the Invention of Printing" is the title of a lecture to be given by Byron A. Finney, of the general library, before the Unity club of Ann Arbor, February 26. The lecture, which is in commemoration of the five hundredth anniversary of the accepted birth year of Gutenberg, will be illustrated with lantern slides showing some of the earliest specimens of printing and portraits of the printers.

General Notes.

President James B. Angell responded to the toast "The University" at the fourteenth annual dinner of the Washington Alumni association of the University of Michigan, held in Washington January 24. The succeeding day he was a guest at the dinner of the Michigan State association at the national capital.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, dean of the medical department, will speak at the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Alumni association, to be held at Milwaukee Friday evening, February 16. Former United States Senator John Patton, Jr., of Grand Rapids, will deliver the address at the annual Washington birthday exercises held under the auspices of the law department.

A portion of the senior class in mechanical engineering will visit Jackson, Mich., the latter part of February to make a test of the plant of the Heat, Light & Power company.

R. H. E.

FULL OF EVIL.

The Anti-Saloon League of Detroit Says That City Is a Modern Sodom—Officials Scored.

The Anti-Saloon league of Detroit, composed of ministers and members of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, allege that Detroit is a modern Sodom; that saloons are allowed to violate the laws by keeping open on Sundays, holidays and after legal hours; that the police are in league with them and with questionable resorts; that the common council is largely composed of aldermen who are interested in the saloon business and refuse to aid in correcting the evils; that Seelye dinner dances are of frequent occurrence in the downtown districts, at one of which the sheriff was recently a spectator, and that the circuit judges and public prosecutor refuse to call a grand jury to investigate.

Rural Delivery.

The report of the postmaster of Hillsdale upon the rural mail delivery for the first six months ending December 31, 1899, shows a very gratifying increase. The number of pieces of mail delivered by the carriers in July was 8,035; in December it was 18,461—an increase of 10,426 pieces. The number of pieces of mail collected by the carriers during the six months was 12,703, and the number delivered was 84,735—a total delivered and collected of 97,438.

Won Suit for Liberty.

In probate court in Hastings a jury decided that Mrs. Nettie Marshall is not insane. Mrs. Marshall resides near Nashville and was lodged in jail on complaint of her brother, Jacob Miller, who alleged she was insane. Mrs. Marshall makes grave charges against her brother. She alleges that it was after she had announced her intention of marrying again that he sought to have her sent to an asylum.

A Costly Press.

William Hall, a resident of Monroe, took his trousers to a tailor in Toledo, O., to be pressed, and forgot to remove a diamond stud valued at \$350 from the small watch pocket in the trousers. The tailor denied all knowledge of the stone's whereabouts, and after consulting a lawyer without obtaining satisfaction, Mr. Hall was forced to consider his stud as lost.

Bears Fruit.

The agitation on the part of farmers in favor of a higher price for sugar beets has borne fruit in Kalamazoo county, the owners of the factory in the celery city having announced their readiness to make contracts for raising beets this year at the rate of \$4.50 per ton for those containing 12 per cent. of sugar, with proportionately more for those testing higher.

A Methodist society has been organized at Millersburg, one of the new boom towns in Presque Isle county, and a church building will be erected in the spring.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 73 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended January 27 indicate that inflammation of the bowels and pneumonia increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 177 places, measles at 90, typhoid fever at 50, scarlet fever at 78, diphtheria at 34, whooping cough at 30, cerebro-spinal meningitis at 4 places and smallpox at Watervliet, Benton Harbor and Masonville.

Mysterious Case.

Prof. A. Leflamboy, magnetic healer, was found in a bath-tub filled with steaming hot water in Grand Rapids and his brother, George Leflamboy, was lying on the floor of the bathroom unconscious. The professor was nude and had been in the hot water so long his body was parboiled. George was dressed, and until he recovers sufficiently to tell what happened the case will continue a mystery.

Sues for Bounty.

Lucius L. Hickox, a Kent county veteran, has asked the supreme court for a mandamus to compel the board of state auditors to allow his claim for \$150 state bounty provided by an act of 1865. The records show an assignment of this bounty to C. G. Wilcox, to whom the bounty was paid, but Hickox has established the fact that this assignment was fraudulent and his signature thereto a forgery.

Charge Is Embezzlement.

Augustus O. Hyde, ex-superintendent of poor of Calhoun county, in whose accounts the special committee which has been investigating the accounts of county officers discovered an alleged shortage in the neighborhood of \$5,000, was arrested in Marshall charged with embezzlement. Mr. Hyde had been superintendent of the poor for 30 years, his term of office expiring January 1, 1889.

Devoured by Wolves.

John Smith, a former resident of Detroit, was devoured by wolves a short distance from a logging camp where he was employed near Presque Isle. He strayed from the camp in the early evening, as he was in the habit of doing, and the next morning his partially devoured body was found in the snow. Smith was a veteran of the Spanish-American war.

Pupils Attack a Teacher.

Because she tried to punish two of her pupils Nellie Williard, a school-teacher 20 years old, at the school near Hetherton, is so ill that fears are entertained for her recovery. The pupils, Wallington and Williard, aged 14 and 16 years—the latter the young woman's cousin—attacked her with a club and a knife and she was badly beaten.

Fatal Explosion.

A Grand Trunk engine was demolished near Edwardsburg by the boiler exploding and the engineer, John Stockhouse, and William M. Weber conductor, were mangled terribly and lived but a few hours. Arthur Burdard, the fireman, sustained frightful burns and bruises. Several others were injured slightly.

Will Sue on the Bond.

Attorney General Oren has commenced proceedings to recover the \$40,000 lost by the state through the military clothing fraud, the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Baltimore having filed official notice of its conviction to deny liability under the bond of former Quartermaster General White.

News Items Briefly Told.

Col. Louis Strasburger dropped dead in the post office in Detroit, the result of a stroke of apoplexy.

The annual report of the secretary of state relating to farms and farm products shows that Menominee county has 71,250 acres of farming land, 44,528 of which is improved.

The Meigs cooerage factory at Reading was burned, the loss being \$3,000.

At a meeting of the taxpayers of St. Charles a franchise was granted the Saginaw Southern railway.

The Baptist ministers' home which was burned at Fenton has been rebuilt and dedicated.

January 26 was the sixty-third anniversary of the birth of the state of Michigan.

Miss Matilda Pelkey, of Ständish, has begun suit against William Goodroe, of Sterling, for \$10,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage.

A ton and a quarter of dynamite exploded at Sibley's quarry, about 17 miles south of Detroit, and blew Nelson Burbo, a workman, into atoms.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Press association will be held at Grand Rapids February 15 and 16.

The Citizens' State bank, capital stock \$50,000, has opened in Benton Harbor. The Benton Harbor State bank opened three weeks ago. This gives the city three state banks with a like capital.

Waldo Olson, ten years of age, was instantly killed, and Harry Dockstader, about the same age, lost a leg in a coasting accident in Cadillac.

THE COAL INDUSTRY.

Labor Commissioner Cox Gives Some Interesting Statistics Concerning Michigan Mines.

In his forthcoming report Labor Commissioner Cox will devote a chapter to the coal industry in Michigan, which has recently assumed large proportions. The report will say in part:

The total area of the coal basin in Michigan covers nearly 9,000 square miles, running from Jackson county on the south to Rosecommon county on the north, and extending from Huron county on the east to Mecosta county on the west. It is irregular in shape, like a pear, its stem end being at Jackson and its broadest part on a line passing through Saginaw county. Of course not all of the vast area referred to contains coal in workable quantities, but the rich finds in Saginaw county are said to be an index of what will follow. There are now over 200,000 acres under lease, each acre estimated at an average of 4,500 tons.

At the beginning of the year there were 25 coal mines in operation in the state, while many new shafts were being projected. There are seven mills in Bay county, nine in Saginaw, two in Shiawassee, one in Huron, one in Jackson and five small ones known as drift mines on the banks of Grand river, near Grand Lodge. In the past six months these five mines have taken out about 2,500 tons of coal.

The number of employes in the coal mines of the state is 1,402, the average for each mine being 56, the average hours per day being 7.8 and the average number of days worked each month being 21.3. The average daily wages paid is \$2.04. The number of tons of output was 23,898, and the average cost per ton was \$1.31. Many of the mines have been worked but a short time, and it is estimated that the mines are today producing 60,000 tons of coal per month at an average of \$1.30 per ton.

MARRIED SIXTY YEARS.

Rev. and Mrs. Lafayette Church, Preachers of Gratiot County, Celebrate the Event at Alma.

Rev. and Mrs. Lafayette Church, of Alma, recently celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage. They were married at Lyons, Ionia county, in 1840, and began their wedded life in a log cabin, built by Mr. Church for his young bride, about ten miles north of the city of Ionia, then a small hamlet. From Ionia county they removed to Wheatland, Hillsdale county, where they lived for six years, and in 1854 moved to the farm on which they now reside, buying the land from the government. During the civil war Mr. Church raised a company of volunteers in Gratiot county, of which he was commissioned captain. This company was assigned to the Twenty-sixth Michigan infantry. Mr. Church was made chaplain of the regiment in June, 1864, and served until the end of the war, being present on the line at the time of Gen. Lee's surrender at Appomattox.

Mr. Church is one of four brothers, all prominent Baptist ministers. He is 84 years of age and Mrs. Church is 77. They have four sons and four daughters, all married, and numerous grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

LUMBER AND SHINGLES.

Total Output in the State in 1899 Is Given and Comparisons of Production Made.

E. D. Cowles' fourteenth annual compilation of the lumber and shingle production of Michigan has just been made public. The figures for 1899 are:

Total lumber output, 2,338,575,135 feet; total shingle output, 1,444,587,000; lumber on hand December 1 last, 682,818,930 feet; shingles on hand, 185,020,000. Comparison of production shows as follows:

Year	Lumber, Feet.	Shingles.
1880	4,085,767,849	2,469,578,750
1881	3,569,331,968	1,829,174,255
1882	3,794,256,754	2,140,647,870
1883	3,147,966,147	1,822,027,500
1884	2,730,657,861	1,646,929,100
1885	2,731,029,535	1,360,533,500
1886	2,166,232,892	911,527,200
1887	2,335,974,349	1,284,272,250
1888	2,158,343,122	1,683,265,500
1889	2,328,575,135	1,444,578,000

Frozen to Death.

Charles Ovenden, aged 19, was frozen to death within a few feet of the back door of his home in West Bay City, and the body lay where it fell until his mother discovered it frozen in a pool of blood. It is thought that he slipped and fell, striking so hard on his head that severe concussion of the brain and hemorrhage from the mouth and nose was caused. He was evidently knocked senseless by the blow, and lay there and froze to death in his own blood.

Must Be Observed.

Railroad Commissioner Osborn has issued a circular to the managers and superintendents of all railroads calling attention to the fact that numerous complaints have been made of the failure of station agents to comply with the law requiring the bulletining of passenger trains. Commissioner Osborn asks that orders be issued so that a strict compliance with the law will be insured by the railway agents of the state.

First Finnish College.

Suomi college was dedicated in Houghton, services being in charge of Rev. K. L. Tolonen, of Ishpeming, president of the Finnish Evangelical Lutheran Church Association of America. This is the first Finnish college in this country. The buildings, which are modern and handsome, cost \$30,000. The college opened four years ago in temporary quarters, and now has a capacity for 150 students.

NICARAGUAN CANAL.

Treaty Placing Its Control Absolutely with the United States in Signed.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, amendatory of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty relative to the construction of the Nicaragua canal, was signed at the state department Monday by Secretary Hay and the Right Hon. Lord Pauncefote, of Prestor, for Great Britain. Though the consummation of the treaty occupied some time, owing to the necessity of comparing the two drafts, there was very little formality about the ceremony, and a convention that is expected to be, for the United States, at least, of the most far-reaching importance and value, came into being without any theatrical surroundings.

Mr. Smith carried the freshly signed treaty to the white house, where the letter of transmittal was signed by the president, so that the treaty could be dispatched at once to the United States senate for ratification. The letter of transmittal was purely formal, simply commending the treaty of the senate without entering upon any argument to demonstrate its great value.

Secretary Hay declined to make public the text of the treaty, or even to make any statement as to its details, holding that courtesy to the senate obliged him to remain silent until the senate itself removed the seal of confidence from the convention. So that all that is now known of this convention is that it amends the Clayton-Bulwer treaty of 1850 in such manner that Great Britain yields to the United States the right to construct the Nicaragua canal, or a canal at any other point on the isthmus, without British participation. Most of the other features of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty are retained. This is notably true of article No. 5, which guarantees the absolute neutrality of any canal, and the security of the capital invested. It is understood that the United States continues upon itself this obligation to maintain the neutralization of the canal, which shall be forever open and free. It is also believed that the treaty looks to an international undertaking on this point.

As soon as the treaty is ratified and the ratifications have been exchanged, the United States will be at liberty to proceed at once with the construction of an isthmian canal unfettered by any obligations toward Great Britain save that of allowing to British citizens, as to the citizens of other nations, the use of the canal on the same terms with American citizens.

There is absolutely no quid pro quo offered to Great Britain in this treaty in return for the valuable concession to the United States. Whatever return the United States may choose to make for this concession is a thing of the future.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The new treaty with Great Britain relative to the building of the Nicaragua canal was received by the senate and was read in executive session. Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, moved to make the treaty public, as it was a subject in which all were greatly interested, but after some discussion it was decided to refer the matter to the committee on foreign relations before taking that step. The comments of senators upon the treaty after hearing it read were favorable. It was said to allow the United States all the authority that was needed and the neutrality of the canal was guaranteed, as was the neutrality of the Suez canal.

REBELS ARE ROUTED.

The American Forces Under Gen. Kobbe Occupy and Garrison Nine Towns.

Manila, Feb. 6.—Brig. Gen. Kobbe's forces in the islands of Luzon, Leyte and Samar have occupied permanently and garrisoned nine towns, the regiments used being the Forty-third and Forty-seventh. This has placed on the market 180,000 bales of hemp. A thousand insurgents armed with rifles and over 5,000 armed with wooden swords, bows and arrows, were encountered during the entire trip. The troops killed 75 natives, 11 of whom had rifles. The others were villagers armed with wooden swords. The American loss was one man killed and nine men wounded. The Americans captured \$9,000 in gold, the enemy's money, and 40 muzzle-loading brass cannon. At Calbagog and Samar the enemy evacuated the towns, the Americans chasing, fighting and scattering them to the mountains.

At Cathalogan, Lukban, the Tagalog general, fired the place with kerosene just before the Americans landed, and then fought with cannon and rifles from the hills encircling the town for two hours. When the Filipinos were driven out the Americans did their best to save the town, fighting the fire for several hours. Thirty stone and 60 other houses, half the business portion of the place, were consumed. The soldiers prevented the fire from spreading. The next day Maj. Allen, with three companies of the Forty-third regiment, pursued Lukban to the mountain fastnesses and thence to the coast town, whither Lukban was heading in hopes of escaping. Lukban, by taking the natives' wealth, has accumulated \$100,000 in gold. His capture is probable.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MUNDAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as
second class matter.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1900.

The state treasury is not yet bankrupt. There was \$1,813,144.47 in it at the close of business Jan. 31.

Representative George S. Wheeler, of Salem, has formally announced his candidacy for state land commissioner. Mr. Wheeler has been a prominent figure in Washtenaw county politics for a number of years and is well known throughout the state also.

Attorney General Oren says: "I shall let the Republican state convention decide whether I shall be the candidate of the Republican party for attorney general." There is not the least question but that such would be the case, whether the attorney general gave his permission or whether he did not do so.

Some busybodies have been circulating the report that W. W. Wedemeyer would be a candidate for congress in opposition to Congressman H. C. Smith. It was a ridiculous and foolish report and hardly worth a denial, but Mr. Wedemeyer wrote Mr. Smith a letter, nevertheless, assuring him there was no such a feeling existing in the second district.

Trusts are no respecters of persons or things. This is evidenced by the news that the great houses engaged in the manufacture of bibles have gone into a trust and will materially raise the selling price. If Christ himself were on earth nowadays these trust fellows would want to get up a corner on him and charge an admission fee to look at him or hear him speak.

That \$150 bounty law passed by the Michigan legislature in 1865 which gave that sum to every man who should enlist thereafter, being credited to any military subdistrict, may cost the state considerable money yet. The supreme court has just issued an order for the board of auditors to show cause why the claim of one man should not be paid. There are hundreds of others in the same fix.

A bill is before the house committee on military affairs, providing for dental surgeons for the army in the proportion of one surgeon for every 1,000 men. The national and dental associations are working for the passage of the bill; Gen. Otis telegraphed the war department that the men in his army need dental attention; numbers of representatives have pledged themselves to support its passage, and it looks as though the soldier boys might soon be relieved of the pangs of toothache, or at least will have a remedy afforded, the same as he has for bodily ailments which come under the care of the army surgeon.

The gain in gross receipts at the Ann Arbor post office for the month of January was \$500. If the office keeps that up for two months more it will be entitled to a place on the first class list. Provided this rise is not a fictitious one, due to the means advocated by some people in Ann Arbor to make it a first class office, it will be all just and fair and proper. But if the rise is caused by artificial means it is no more entitled to be a first class office than is Fredonia. It would simply be a case of marching up to the top of the hill and marching down again. For the post office department will reduce it to the second class rank again very quickly if the receipts do not hold up to the required amount. Better make haste slowly in this matter.

In an open letter to the Detroit Evening Journal H. W. Stevens, of Tecumseh, puts forward as first choice for governor of Michigan on the Republican ticket Gen. Russell A. Alger. His second choice is Hon. James O'Donnell, of Jackson. In the concluding paragraph of his letter he says:

"Russell A. Alger is the man. Bring such a man's name forward and all others fade away like the morning dew, and that oft repeated, 'What's the matter with Alger?' will have the same old response, 'He's all right!' Then when elected we may look for a clean, honest and honored administration. Right the wrongs that now lay at the doors of our fair state. If this cannot be done, then give the Second congressional district your support for Hon. James O'Donnell."

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave-digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Stimson's drug store.

TAKING THE CENSUS.

The National Census Will Be Made in June.

The active work of taking the United States census will probably begin about June 1, and returns must all be made to Washington by July 1. There will be fifty thousand enumerators to work one month. Over seventy-five million of people must be recorded within thirty days, and there will therefore be an average of two and one-half million a day. In towns and cities of 8,000 inhabitants or over, it is required that the work must be finished in two weeks, however, and this will make the daily average still greater.

The work all over the country will be performed in the same way as in this state. The senators and representatives send in their recommendations of persons to be employed, including one supervisor of census for each congressional district and as many enumerators as are necessary, based upon an estimated showing of population. The work itself is not especially remunerative. It is estimated that the average amount paid to enumerators all over the country is about \$60. This is based proportionately upon the amount of work done, but in any event will not run much over this amount, except for those who are retained for special work in getting statistics after the census work proper is finished. It is said that for some of these the job may last for a year or more. The supervisors of census, however, will get a good thing out of it. The law stipulates that each supervisor shall receive upon completion of the work in his district the sum of \$12 and a certain sum in addition thereto according to the population in his district. It is provided, however, that the total sum for each supervisor shall not be less than \$1,000.

The work will be practically the same as it was ten years ago. The same questions will be asked and answers recorded. No enumerator is allowed any assistance, as he must see everyone in person. In cases where there are foreigners who do not understand the language sufficiently to answer questions he can employ an interpreter, but that is all.

The authorities at Washington have figured it out that the taking of this census, which will be the twelfth, will cost about \$12,000,000, or about 15 cents for every man, woman and child in the United States. It is interesting to look back to the first census, which cost less than a cent for each person, and when the entire population was less than four millions, and to see how the work has grown. Next June the census department at Washington will have in its employ over 50,000 people. They figure that they will have the work of computing the population ready to announce at the end of this year. The compilation of necessary statistics, however, will take a much longer time, and it will be five or six years before the whole work is finished.

Have I not bidden ye beware of something said to be the same as Rocky Mountain Tea, made by the Madison Medicine Co.? If ye are truly wise, heed this warning. Ask your druggist.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as Managers in this and close by counties. Salary \$300 a year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Balthasar Walder has returned home from his visit in Switzerland.

The Chelsea Orchestra will play for a dance at Grass Lake next Thursday evening. Everyone is invited to attend.

Burglars operated in Manchester Tuesday night. They got 30 cents at W. J. Holmes' implement store, but the L. S. & M. S. ticket office yielded them nothing.

The many friends of Leonard Gruner, of Ann Arbor, who has been undergoing such a heavy cross examination in the Ellis estate case in the probate for the last few days, will learn with regret that he has physically collapsed under the great mental strain. His symptoms point strongly to apoplexy and his lower limbs are partially paralyzed.

Rev. Francis Clement Kelly's lecture on "The Yankee Volunteer" at the opera house last evening, was well attended. He is a pleasant and forcible speaker, treats his subject in an able manner and interlards it with humorous stories and incidents, so that it does not weary his audience. He spoke last night for an hour and a half and held the undivided attention of his hearers from first to last.

County Sunday School News.

Convention dates—Ann Arbor association at Harris hall, Feb. 19, afternoon and evening. Augusta association at Stony Creek, Feb. 16, afternoon and evening. The president and secretary of the county association will be present. Salem and Superior association at Dixboro, Feb. 17, afternoon and evening. J. E. Bolles, of the state executive committee, will give the evening address. Northfield at Emery, March 3, program not complete.

The county association expects to arrange for a convention within the reach of every Sunday school worker in the county before fall, and then wind up with a county convention that will surpass anything that we have had. A conference of county and township officers will be held in Ann Arbor, March 1, to which all pastors and superintendents are invited.

The treasurer is sending out class collection slips to all superintendents for the annual offering. Do not send this offering to Mr. Reid, whose name is on the white slips, but to C. E. Deake, the county treasurer, Salem.

The Life of Moody.

In last week's Herald Dr. Thomas Holmes had an article over his signature as "authorized agent" for the "only authentic biography of the late Dwight L. Moody, by his son Wm. R. Moody," in which he used the following words: "You will be able to get just what you want for the money you are now asked to pay for what you do not want, and will be dissatisfied with, when you get it." He evidently referred to the book I have been selling, written by Dr. Northrop. I wish to make the following statement and offer in regard to it: If any of the persons who have subscribed with me for "The Life of Moody," by Rev. Henry Davenport Northrop, D. D., would prefer to have "The Life of D. L. Moody," by his son Wm. R. Moody, I will gladly make the change, as I hold agencies for the sale of each of the books.

Respectfully,

CHAS. T. LIMPET.

Chelsea, Feb. 7, 1900.

Wants to Serve His Country.

The Detroit Evening News of Friday gave the following curious letter dated from Manchester and received by Lieut. Gaston, of the U. S. recruiting station in Detroit:

"Dear Ser I Would Rite To Know What The Work Would be I am a citizens of United States Yo can get My Rekeman From Clarence Case Cash Shere of The People Bank He Can Tell Yo All about Me If Yo Want To Fend Out What I am i am in besicness but I Can Sell Out i gese Let Me Here From Yo."

The letter was signed "William Holt." Holt was a member of Co. C, 31st Michigan, during the late unpleasantness with Spain and is well known to many in Chelsea. It would seem from his letter that he would again like to enter Uncle Sam's service.

Horse Clipping

Done in a satisfactory manner with a brand new improved machine, promptly and at reasonable rates by

LEHMAN & MOHRLOCK.

Leave orders at Hirth & Lehman's blacksmith shop.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Stimson, the druggist.



CARRYING A LINE OF GROCERIES

to please all buyers is an easy matter, because we carry goods of superior quality and sell at rates asked for the ordinary kinds. Just a few items will prove that you can afford the best by dealing with us.

Large fat Mackerel 13c a pound.
Fancy 1 pound Whitefish 10c a pound.
Best Standard Oysters 30c a quart.
Sweet Navel Oranges 15c a dozen.
Ralston Breakfast Food 15c a package.
Elsie Full Cream Cheese 16c a pound.
Best Breakfast Bacon 10c a pound.
Best Honey Hams 13c a pound.
Leader Condensed Milk 10c a pound.
Cross & Blackwell's Chow Chow 40c a bottle.
Orange Marmalade 25c a bottle.
Good California Prunes 5c a pound.

FREEMAN'S.

CALL AT THE

Chelsea Wagon and Buggy Works

FOR A

Quick Job of Repairing.

Done mostly by machinery it means quicker work and done for less money.

Do not fail to call when in need of a Cutter or Bobsleigh for they must be sold.



A. G. FAIST, Manager.

LOW EXPENSES

Make it easy for us to undersell all competition—quality for quality.

Style, workmanship and fit guaranteed.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

Merchant Tailor.

PERSONALS.

Fred B. Schussler was in Ann Arbor Thursday.

George E. Davis spent Friday in Ann Arbor on business.

William Judson, of Ann Arbor, spent Saturday in Chelsea on business.

Miss May Creech was the guest of her parents in Ypsilanti over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Colin E. Babcock and son Lawrence, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday in Chelsea.

Mrs. Barbara Schatz and Wm. Schatz attended the funeral of Fred Boos in Jackson last Friday.

Mrs. Martin Eisele, er., visited her daughter, Mrs. George Hoffman, of Imlay City, this week.

Rev. and Mrs. George B. Marsh went to Stony Creek Tuesday, where Mr. Marsh will assist his brother in revival services at the M. E. church of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wright and daughter, of Stockbridge, spent Saturday in Chelsea, visiting Dr. H. H. Avery and family and other friends. Mr. Wright had not been in Chelsea before in 32 years. At that time he worked for George E. Davis.

Saskatchewan Robes.

Just received at C. Steinbach's a fine lot of Saskatchewan, or imitation of Buffalo robes; the finest and most durable robe made. Call and see them.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Chelsea, Feb. 5, 1900:

James VanDerzee.

Mrs. Jas. VanDerzee.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, P. M.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. These pills change weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents per box. Sold by Stimson.

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

Markets.

Chelsea, Feb. 8, 1900.

Eggs, per dozen	16c
Butter, per pound	16c
Oats, per bushel	27c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	62c
Potatoes, per bushel	30c
Apples, per bushel	50c
Onions, per bushel	30c
Beans, per bushel	\$1 80

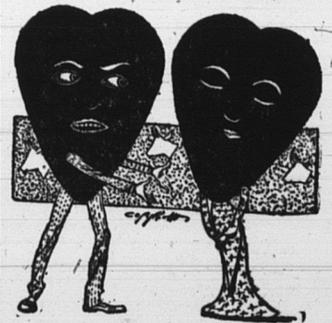
POULTRYMEN:—I can supply you Strong, Fertile Eggs from Standard Bred Stock at a very reasonable price. Write for catalogue. G. S. Oliver, care Toledo Poultry Farm, Toledo, O.

Logs Wanted.

For first class White Oak Logs delivered at Chelsea, I will pay \$15.00 per 1,000 feet.

For clear Second Growth White Hickory, delivered at Chelsea, \$16.00 per 1,000.

D. SHELL.



HEART TO HEART TALK

with your neighbors and friends will soon reveal who deals at

EPPLER'S MARKET

and who doesn't. There is no complaint from our customers. The meat we supply is cut from young stock and is tender and delicious. Costs us a little more than the ordinary kind, but our customers pay only usual prices.

JACKETS.

JACKETS.

THE GREATEST JACKET VALUES

EVER KNOWN IN CHELSEA.

This is the Opportunity You Have Been Waiting for. Come and Embrace It.

We invoice February 15 and would rather count your money than invoice our Jackets.

We have placed on our center table (first floor) 50 Jackets, Black and Colors, that sold for \$8.50 to \$10.00, all new goods

\$4.98

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick Patterns for March now on Sale.

HOUSE, SIGN AND CARRIAGE

PAINTING

PAPER HANGING A SPECIALTY.

All work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

HARRINGTON & LEACH,

Paint Shop over A. G. Faist's Wagon Shop.

J. J. RAFTREY,

Glass Block Tailoring Parlors.

We are showing our large and elaborate stock of

Woolens for Fall and Winter Wear,

Embracing all the late staples and novelties in Suitings, Top Coatings, and Odd Trousers at the right prices.

We Make and Remodel Ladies' Jackets and Wraps....

All kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods cleaned and refaced by the latest improved machinery.

J. J. RAFTREY, The Tailor.

BARGAINS

—IN—

ALL DEPARTMENTS....

Stoves at Closing Out Prices.

CROCKERY AND FURNITURE CHEAP.

HOAG & HOLMES.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Farmers' institute next week Friday and Saturday, Feb. 16 and 17.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., will be held next Wednesday evening. A good attendance is desired.

Rev. G. B. Marsh, pastor of the Chelsea M. E. church, occupied the pulpit of the First M. E. church Sunday evening.

The banns of marriage of Thomas Murphy and Miss Fannie Reilly were published in St. Mary's church on Sunday.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Mrs. Francis Beach, formerly of Chelsea, to John Suter, of West Italy, N. Y., January 7, 1900.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Hoffman, of Imlay City, on Saturday, a son. Mrs. Hoffman was Miss Marie Elsele, of this village, before her marriage.

The heavy snow storm of Saturday night and Sunday was by no means conducive to large congregations at the churches, and there were many vacant seats in consequence.

The new M. E. church is to be dedicated Sunday, Feb. 25. It is hoped that Dr. B. I. Ives, of Albany, N. Y., will perform the ceremony, he having dedicated the old church 42 years ago.

Conrad Lehman has been granted a pension of \$8 per month on account of the physical disabilities he received during his service in the Spanish war. Congressman Smith secured the pension for him.

The Junior class will give a social and dance at the Foresters' hall tomorrow evening. Admission to the social 15c. to the social and dance 35c. They extend a cordial invitation to their friends to be present.

William Dansingburg, of Ann Arbor, was in Chelsea Tuesday, in the interest of the Co Operative Beet Sugar Co., of Dundee. He does not report the prospect for beet raising in this section as very promising at present.

The donation party given at the Congregational church Tuesday evening for the benefit of the pastor, Rev. C. S. Jones, and family, was largely attended. A nice supper was served by the ladies, a good program was rendered, and the handsome sum of \$135.50 was realized.

The key to B. Parker's residence got lost Tuesday night, so when he and his wife went home he had to get into the house through a cellar window. In doing so he stepped violently on a stick of wood which twisted his ankle in such a manner that he is now hobbling around on crutches.

Charles E. Stapish, the beneficiary of the life insurance policy of \$500 carried by his wife, Leona Stapish, in the L. O. T. M., received the money Feb. 17, just 13 days after the proofs of death had been sent in. This is prompt work on the part of the grand hive officers and is worthy of commendation.

The farm statistics issued by the secretary of state show that Lima ranked second in amount of wheat raised in 1898 among the townships of the county, with a total of 87,033 bushels. Lyndon raised 50,605 bushels, Sharon 77,503 bushels, and Sylvan 43,974 bushels. Washtenaw stood second in amount of wheat growth in the state.

The twentieth century will commence on Jan. 1, 1901. It will open on Tuesday and will close on Sunday. It will have the greatest number of leap years possible—24. The year 1904 will be the first one, then every fourth year after that, to and including the year 2000. February will have five Sundays three times—in 1920, 1948 and 1976.

John A. Fraser's military drama "Santiago, or for the Red, White and Blue," will be presented at the opera house, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Feb. 21 and 22, by local talent, under the auspices of the Senior class of the high school. The play is replete with stirring scenes and situations, and 75 people will be required to stage it in a proper manner.

Next Sunday is Lincoln Memorial Sunday, and the Congregational church will observe the day in the interests of the American Missionary Association. The work of this association is with the negroes, the poorer white classes of the South, and the newly acquired territory of the United States. The morning service will be devoted to the work of the society.

In mercantile life success depends upon publicity. The merchant who permits his business to remain untrumpeted can never obtain prominence; but he who insists upon making himself known to the public through the medium of newspaper advertisements will rise from obscurity and troubled fortune to fame and affluence. In like manner, the successful merchant who has always advertised can sustain and still farther develop his trade. The advertisement does for business what the ancient alchemists believed the philosopher's stone would do for the baser metals.

Dexter village taxes last year amounted to \$987.11.

Don't forget the valentine shadow social Feb. 14, at Miss Clara Hutzler's.

The Michigan Press Association will hold its annual meeting in Grand Rapids, Thursday and Friday, Feb. 15 and 16.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church will give a penny carnival at the new church parlors next Tuesday evening.

The third annual practitioners' course of the homeopathic department of the University of Michigan will be held in Ann Arbor, April 22-May 4.

Special revival meetings have been in progress at the Baptist church this week and will continue through next week. So far they have been well attended.

The subject for discussion in the Business Men's Class of the Congregational church next Sunday will be "The Influences of money." S. P. Foster, leader.

Examinations have been the order of the day at the U of M. the past two weeks, in consequence none of the boys and girls attending from Chelsea have been able to come home as usual.

A neat little pamphlet containing the laws relating to fraternal beneficiary societies has just been published by Secretary of State Justus S. Stearns and is now in the hands of the commissioner of insurance for distribution.

The Unadilla correspondent of the Stockbridge Sun says in last week's paper: "Rev. Horace Palmer received word Tuesday that his mother, who lives at Pittsford, Lenawee Co., had fallen and broken her hip. She is 83 years old, and he is fearful she may not recover. He and his wife will start for Pittsford at once."

To all their friends and the members of the church Rev. and Mrs. C. S. Jones desire to express their gratitude for the generous thank offering given them on Tuesday evening of this week. They feel that the great kindness shown them by all since coming to Chelsea has been and will be a continued inspiration to larger work for the Master.

Miss Nellie Lowry and the pupils of District No. 10, fractional, Lima and Sylvan, will give a social in honor of Lincoln's birthday, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Waltrous, Monday evening, Feb. 12. All are cordially invited to attend. A good musical program will be furnished. Each lady is requested to bring a box containing supper for two. Come and have a right good time.

Since Wednesday last the probate court has been wrestling with the suit brought by Hudson P. Ellis for the removal of Leonhard Gruner as one of the executors his deceased father's estate and for an alleged \$30,000 shrinkage in it. Mr. Gruner has been on the witness stand for several days now. The case will be a long drawn out one and whichever party wins the other will carry it to the circuit court.

The penny social at the Congregational church Wednesday, Feb. 21, is not gotten up exclusively for members of the congregation but everybody is invited. Common "cents" will be the only legal tender on the occasion and you are advised to bring a supply of them with you, although accommodation will be furnished for charge if you do not have the pennies. Anyone who feels like having a lively enjoyable time must not miss being there.

Howard City Record: One of the homeliest men on the east side has a very pretty little four years old daughter. One day she was sitting in his lap, opposite a large mirror. She looked at his reflection, then at her own, and, turning to him, she asked: "Papa, did God make me?" "Yes, dear," was the reply. "And did he make you, too?" "Yes." "Well," she said, again glancing at the mirror, "he's turning out much better work lately, isn't he?"

From the secretary of state's report of farm statistics in Michigan for 1898-9 is gleaned the following facts: Lima has 14,332 acres of improved land in farms, 1,251 acres of unimproved, 152 farms with an average acreage of 134 acres. Lyndon has 11,465 acres of improved land, 3,924 acres unimproved, 182 farms with an average acreage of 154 acres. Sharon has 14,349 acres of improved land, 3,865 acres unimproved, 126 farms, average acreage 143. Sylvan has 8,430 acres improved land, 4,453 acres unimproved, 107 farms, averaging 120 acres each.

Railroad Commissioner Osborn has issued a circular to the managers and superintendents of all railroads calling attention to the fact that numerous complaints have been made by commercial travelers of the failure of station agents to comply with the law requiring the bulletining of passenger trains. The law was passed in 1895, and has been indifferently observed in many of the smaller towns. Commissioner Osborn asks that orders be issued so that a strict compliance with the law will be insured by the railway agents of the state.

A Snap

You can get a good Home Made Ginger Snap for 8c per lb.

That is a Snap.

AT

EARL'S BAKERY,

Where everything is fresh.

J. G. EARL,

Next door to Hoag & Holmes.

Reuben Kempf, pres. H. S. Holmes, vice pres. J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst cash'r. —No. 203.—

THE KEMPE COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK.

CAPITAL, \$40,000.

Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security.

Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein.

G. W. PALMER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Ratfey's Tailor Store, East Middle Street.

S. G. BUSH,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician and Surgeon.

Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat, eye and ear.

Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office over Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

G. E. HATHAWAY,

Graduate in Dentistry.

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain cocaine or cause any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug. Gas administered when desired. Office over Bank Drug Store.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

Fine Funeral Furnishings.

Chelsea Phone No. 5. CHELSEA, MICH.

GEO. EDER,

The Parlor Barber Shop.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. J. CROWELL,

Fire and Tornado Insurance,

Representing eleven of the best companies doing business in Michigan. Give me a call. CHELSEA, MICH.

FRED KANTLEHNER,

Jeweler and Optician.

Having removed to the store in the Boyd Block, S. Main street, I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line as heretofore. Agent for Ann Arbor flour.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings for 1900.

Jan. 9, Feb. 13, March 13, April 10, May 8, June 12, July 10, August 7, Sept. 4, Oct. 2, Nov. 6. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 4.

THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

Cheap Washing.

Young men working in stores, offices or factories will do well to call and get our prices on underwear, half hose, handkerchiefs, etc. for us.

WASHING CHEAP.

Bath Rooms in connection.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

At AVERY'S fine new parlors. All dental work you find. With care and skill and beauty successfully combined.

Our crown and bridge work ever. Severest critics please. But persons so disposing. Can take their choice of these.

Five kinds of plates we offer—They will attention hold—Aluminum and rubber. Watts' metal, silver, gold.

Our local anesthetics. And nitrous oxide, too. Will put to flight all terror. Extracting brings to view.

The children at our office. Receive attention all. So friends who wish a dentist. Give AVERY a call.

MONEY

To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

HOUSEHOLD

MRS. LETITIA SEMPLE.

Daughter of President Tyler, Who Once Was Mistress of the White House, Still Living.

Living in the big brick building known as the Louisa home in Washington is a white-haired woman who was the mistress of the white house more than half a century ago. By the world at large her existence has been forgotten, nor would the mention of her name, Mrs. Letitia Semple, recall any memory to the ordinary reader. It was as Letitia Tyler that she first became known to Washington society in the days when the Capitol city was scarcely more than a country village, containing a few fine public buildings separated by long stretches of bottomless mud. She was the second daughter of President John Tyler, and she was a Virginia belle in the days when that was the clearest title to beauty that could be bestowed in this country. Tyler's administration seems a long way back to most of us. It seems strange to think that this serene-faced old woman, who is still active and vigorous, knew and talked with Webster and Clay and Calhoun and the other leaders of that period which was so prolific of great men. Webster she saw often, and describes him as a man of imposing presence which made its power felt in any assembly.

"At the time of our coming to Washington," said Mrs. Semple, in recalling her white house experiences of 50 years ago, "my mother's health was too poor to admit of her taking active charge of the duties naturally devolving upon the wife of the president. My elder sister and I had our newly-made homes in Virginia to supervise, and my youngest sister was only a child. Therefore by common consent the wife of our brother Robert became the mistress of the white house so far as the public side of the life there was concerned. However, my other sister and myself were there a good part of the time. This arrangement continued until after my mother's death, which occurred in the white house. Then my brother established himself



MRS. LETITIA SEMPLE.

(Daughter of President Tyler and Once Mistress of the White House.)

In law practice in Philadelphia, and his wife wished to make her home there. Meanwhile my husband had been appointed a paymaster in the navy, and as that led to his being away from home a great part of the time I came here to take charge of my father's household and remained until 1844.

"There were no great social entertainments in the white house during my father's term. My mother's ill health and later her death forbade that. For the most part we lived openly, hospitably and unpretentiously; in fact, just as we had been accustomed to do at home in Virginia." I remember that it was customary during the sessions of congress to entertain guests at dinner in the white house twice a week. The first dinner was usually attended by about 20 prominent public men, the personal and political friends of my father. The second was on a somewhat larger scale. It usually included members of the diplomatic corps, and the number of guests was generally about 40. But these dinners were always very simple affairs, and they ended at what would be considered now a ridiculously early hour. Then on other evenings it was customary for the president's family to be informally at home—that is, to receive calls from friends and acquaintances. But even on these occasions the visitors always departed before ten o'clock. At that hour the white house was closed and the family retired."

Although Mrs. Semple is nearly 83 years old she takes an active interest in all current affairs. She receives many invitations from people in public life in Washington.—N. Y. Sun.

New Electric Foghorn.

A new electric foghorn consists of three electro-magnets, which operate half a dozen clappers that strike upon a gong at the rate of 36,000 strokes a minute, producing a continuous sound. The effect is increased by the use of a megaphone, which also sends the sound in any desired direction.

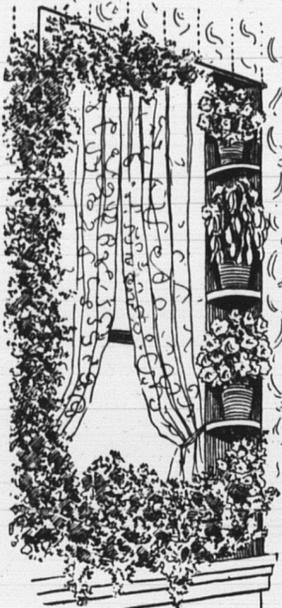
WINDOW GARDENING.

A Charming Home Occupation and Recreation for Lovers of Plant Life and Beauty.

Winter flowering plants may be grown better in boxes than in small pots. Window boxes used outside in summer may be brought in the house in winter if the precaution is taken to make them water tight with zinc or galvanized iron. Leave a hole in the bottom of the lining to draw off the surplus water. The boxes may be placed on brackets or hung with wires screwed into the window frame, or placed on the sill.

Any of the plants commonly grown in the house can be planted in the box. Geraniums of any sort, heliotrope, fuchsias and begonias make a good variety, while a fern or two gives a dainty, tasty effect different from other plants. Or the box may be filled with annuals grown from seed. Petunias, phlox, sweet alyssum, nasturtiums and a sprig of mignonette will give a variety of bloom all winter.

At the ends may be planted morning glories and trained up each side



ATTRACTIVE WINDOW GARDEN.

of the window. English ivy is also a good vine to use, but it is without flowers. In a cool room carnations, violets and pansies may be grown, while roses could be handled successfully in a kitchen where there were heat and moisture. Tradescantia or Wandering Jew can be planted along the edge to hang over the sides, or the box may be covered with pretty colored paper or drapery.

Shelves fill up a window so much that the men do not like plants in the house. In brick or stone houses, with the deep window casings, an arrangement as shown in the illustration may be adopted. If there is not room in the casing, a series of brackets might be fastened along the side, and the plants receive nearly the full benefit of sun without obstructing the light.—Farm and Home.

EXERCISE FOR WOMEN.

It Imparts to the Outline of the Figure Graceful Contours and Beauty to the Face.

In Sandow's book on physical culture he devotes a chapter to women. He says: "I am quite aware that there is a very widespread notion that exercise tends to coarsen and render a woman unattractive, but that is absolutely false. Were there any truth in it I should indeed despair of converting my fair readers to my way of thinking, for truly it is a woman's mission to look beautiful. But the idea is absurd; nature, which intended woman to look lovely, also intended her to be healthy; indeed, the two are practically synonymous.

"Of course, improper, violent and one-sided exercise will naturally result in making a woman clumsy, heavy and ungraceful, but proper exercise, having for its object symmetrical and perfect development, will have an exactly contrary effect. Curiously enough, the visible effect of proper exercise upon a woman's muscles is not precisely the same as upon those of a man. Regular and gradually progressive exercise will not make a woman's muscles prominent, but will cause them to grow firm and round, and impart to the outline of the figure those graceful contours which are so universally admired.

"Without well-conditioned muscle the most beautifully proportioned woman in the world will look comparatively shapeless and flabby; her muscles are not required to show up as in the case of a man's, but they must be there all the same, as a solid foundation for the overlying flesh. Take a woman's arm, for instance. If it has been duly exercised and developed, it is easy enough to see that its shapeliness and good modeling are due to the muscles; white and soft though the skin may be, you can tell at a glance that it is firm and elastic to the touch. On the other hand, the arm of the woman who has never exercised the muscles betrays the fact unmistakably; it may be plump and round, but its lines are lacking in beauty, its movements in grace, and so with the figure generally."

THE OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA

Tells How He Escaped the Terrors of Many Winters by Using Peruna.



Mr. Isaac Brock, Born in Buncombe Co., North Carolina, March 1, 1788, Says: "I attribute my extreme old age to the use of Peruna."

Born before United States was formed.
Saw 22 Presidents elected.
Per-na has protected him from all sudden changes.
Veteran of four wars.
Shod a horse when 99 years old.

Always conquered the grippe with Pe-ru-na.
Witness in a land suit at age of 110 years.
Believes Pe-ru-na the greatest remedy of the age for Catarrhal Diseases.

Isaac Brock, a citizen of McLennan County, Texas, has lived 111 years. He now lives with his son-in-law at Valley Mills, Texas.

In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have, he ought to have found out a great many things by experience.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper remedy for ailments that are due directly to the effects of the climate.

"During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds, catarrh and diarrhoea. I had always supposed these affections to be different diseases, but in reading Dr. Hartman's books I have found out that these affections are the same and that they are properly called catarrh.

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe and found it to be just the thing.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, I have found it to be the best, if not the only, reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my standby for many years, and I attribute my good health and extreme old age to this remedy.

"Very truly yours,

Isaac Brock,

For a free book on catarrh, address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Florida, West Indies and Central America.

The facilities of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad for handling tourists and travelers destined for all points in Florida, Cuba, Porto Rico, Central America, or for Nassau, are unsurpassed. Double daily lines of sleeping cars are run from Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, and St. Louis through Jacksonville to interior Florida points, and to Miami, Tampa and New Orleans, the ports of embarkation for the countries mentioned. For folders, etc., write J. K. Ridgely, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

An All-Year Resort.

The Crescent Hotel, Eureka Springs, Ark., opens March 1, 1900. A most desirable, attractive and convenient resort for health and pleasure seekers. Ideal climate, pure sparkling water, best accommodations. Through Sleepers via Frisco Line. Write for particulars to Manager Hotel or to any representative of Frisco Line.

"How did Jack come to make up with Jim?" "Heard some one say they were at sixes and sevens, and was afraid of the unlucky 13."—Town Topics.

Nobody is expected to see through a joke until after it is cracked.—Golden Days.

THE MARKETS.

	New York, Feb. 6.		
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$4 35 @ 5 60		
Hogs.....	5 20 @ 5 30		
Sheep.....	4 60 @ 5 75		
FLOUR—Winter Patents.....	3 55 @ 3 80		
Minnesota.....	3 55 @ 4 15		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	75 @ 77 1/2		
May.....	74 1/2 @ 74 1/2		
CORN—No. 2.....	40 @ 40 1/2		
May.....	39 @ 39 1/2		
OATS—No. 2 White.....	19 @ 26		
BUTTER—Creamery.....	16 @ 18 1/2		
Factory.....	11 1/2 @ 13		
CHEESE.....	14 @ 17		
EGGS—Western.....			
CHICAGO.			
CATTLE—Fancy Beves.....	\$6 20 @ 6 40		
Texas.....	4 30 @ 5 30		
Stockers.....	4 10 @ 4 90		
Feeders.....	2 75 @ 4 40		
HOGS—Light.....	4 12 1/2 @ 4 82 1/2		
Rough Packing.....	4 60 @ 4 80		
SHEEP.....	3 90 @ 5 25		
BUTTER—Creameries.....	17 @ 22		
Dairies.....	9 @ 14 1/2		
EGGS.....	28 @ 48		
POTATOES—(per bu.).....	10 57 1/2 @ 10 97 1/2		
RIBS—May.....	6 05 @ 6 12 1/2		
LARD—May.....	5 87 1/2 @ 5 95		
GRAIN—Wheat, May.....	67 1/2 @ 67 1/2		
Corn, May.....	25 1/2 @ 25 1/2		
Oats, May.....	55 1/2 @ 55 1/2		
Rye, No. 2.....	46 @ 46 1/2		
MILWAUKEE.			
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n.....	\$ 67 1/2 @ 67 1/2		
Oats, No. 2 White.....	25 1/2 @ 25 1/2		
Rye, No. 1.....	55 1/2 @ 55 1/2		
Barley, No. 2.....	46 @ 46 1/2		
KANSAS CITY.			
GRAIN—Wheat, May.....	\$ 63 1/2 @ 63 1/2		
Corn, May.....	23 1/2 @ 30		
Oats, No. 2 White.....	24 1/2 @ 24 1/2		
Rye, No. 2.....	51 1/2 @ 52		
ST. LOUIS.			
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4 50 @ 4 50		
Texas Steers.....	3 85 @ 4 80		
Butchers'.....	4 70 @ 4 80		
HOGS.....	4 75 @ 4 85		
SHEEP—Native Muttons.....	4 50 @ 5 25		
OMAHA.			
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4 20 @ 4 75		
Cows and Heifers.....	3 10 @ 4 25		
Stockers and Feeders.....	3 50 @ 5 25		
HOGS—Mixed.....	4 82 1/2 @ 4 85		
SHEEP—Western Muttons.....	4 60 @ 5 00		

President Krueger Ahead.

Pretoria, Transvaal, South Africa, Dec. 7, 1899.
Messrs. Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.: Gentlemen—Your last shipment and communication received. I am very much pleased with the information that you have so kindly given me.

Please find enclosed bank draft to the amount of \$412.10, for which send me twenty-five (25) gross of Swanson's "5-DROPS." Ship same as before in order that there may be no delay, as this medicine will be greatly needed before it reaches us. The last shipment is almost disposed of, as the medical department of our army uses large quantities. This order is entirely for use in the army.

I have been told that our success on the battlefield is due to a certain extent to the use of "5-DROPS" Rheumatic Cure, which has relieved and prevented a great deal of suffering among our men from Rheumatism, Neuralgia and other acute pains caused by exposure. Your "5-DROPS" is as good as a Transvaal soldier! In one of the battles, a small quantity of "5-DROPS," together with other medicines, was captured by the English, which was a great loss to our men. The Ruinecks won't do it again. I am, respectfully yours,

PETER HAAS.

"5-DROPS" is the most powerful specific known. Free from opiates and perfectly harmless. It is a perfect cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Catarrh, La Grippe, Neuragic Headache, etc. Large sized bottles (300 doses), \$1.00, or three (3) bottles for \$2.50. Sample bottles 25 cents. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 E. Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

Vest's Stolen Pigs.

"Another story that Vest told related to his candidacy for the legislature in 1861 against A. S. Walker. The canvass was exceedingly exciting because of the near approach of war, and all the questions incident to it were discussed with much animation. Charges and counter-charges were made. Both sides knew that about six votes either way would determine the contest, and on the day before election Walker raised the point on Vest that he had stolen some pigs. The only way that Vest could meet the charge was to acknowledge smilingly that he had the pigs in his pen and in his possession. If he had gone further and said that he had bought them—which they hoped he would do—they had witnessed to show that he had not bought them, but Vest was too shrewd to be caught in the trap, and turned the accusation off with a laugh and the remark: "One can't account for the way his boys get pigs."—St. Louis Republic.

Florida and Cuba.

Write to J. C. Tucker, G. N. Agent, Big Four Route, 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill., for full information as to Low Rate Excursion tickets to all Winter Resorts in the South-east, via Cincinnati, Louisville, Asheville, Atlanta, Jacksonville and East and West coasts of Florida, as may be desired.

To the Northwest.

Take Wisconsin Central Railway train, leaving Chicago from Central Station, Park Row and 12th street, Lake Front, for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth. Nearest ticket agent can give you further information. Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.

Reversible "LINENE" Collars & Cuffs. Stylish, convenient, economical; made of fine cloth, and finished in pure starch on both sides alike. Turn down collars are reversible and give double service. No Laundry Work. When soiled discard. Ten collars or five pairs of cuffs, 25c. By mail, 30c. Send oc. in stamps for sample collar or pair of cuffs. Name also and style. REVERSIBLE COLLAR CO., Dept. 18, BOSTON.

HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORTS

In Tennessee, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Cuba, Porto Rico and Nassau, are best and most easily reached via the

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Ry.,

Over which line and its connections the FAMOUS DIXIE FLYER,

with through 12 section Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping Cars are run daily the year round, between St. Louis and Jacksonville, Florida. Close connections are made at Nashville from Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville, affording a delightful daylight ride between Nashville and Atlanta, passing through the most historical and picturesque section of the South, via Lookout Mountain. Cheap Homeseekers' round-trip tickets are sold on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month. For full information, maps, folders and all matter pertaining to Tourist Rates to these resorts, write

R. C. COWARDIN, W. P. A., 511 Merchants Exchange Building, St. Louis.
D. J. MULLANEY, N. E. P. A., 39 West 4th Street, Cincinnati, O.
BRIARD F. HILL, N. P. A., 223 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill., or
W. L. DANLEY, G. P. & T. A., Nashville, Tenn.

In 3 or 4 Years an Independence Is Assured

FARMS WESTERN CANADA FREE. If you take up your homes in Western Canada, the land of plenty. Illustrated pamphlets, giving experiences of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or address the undersigned, who will mail you address pamphlets, etc., free of cost. F. PEDLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. BROUGHTON, 1228 Monardock Bldg., Chicago, Ill., T. O. CURRIE, Stevens Point, Wis., M. V. McINNES, No. 1 Merrill Bldg., Detroit, D. L. CAVEN, Bad Axe, and JAMES GILBERT, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.; N. BARTHOLOMEW, 1206 1/2th Street, Des Moines, Iowa, EVERETT & KANTZ, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Meat smoked in a few hours with KRAUSERS' LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE. Made from hickory wood. Cheaper, cleaner, sweeter, and surer than the usual smoke-circulator. E. K. USKIE & BROS., Milton, Pa.

LAMB'S Throat Candy, one of the best Confections for Vocalists, Public Speakers, etc. Send 10 cts. to LAMB MFG. CO., Ottawa, Canada, for sample box.

